OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

DFFICE OF EVALUATION



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HUD's Internal Audit Requirement for **Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of** 2013 Grantees

Program Evaluations Division

MEMORANDUM

May 3, 2017

Cliff Taffet General Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Office of Community Planning and Development, D



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

From: Brian Pattison Assistant Inspector General for Evaluation, G

Subject: HUD's Internal Audit Requirement for Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of 2013 Grantees, 2016-OE-0011S

Please see the attached final report on our evaluation of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) internal audit requirement for Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of 2013 grantees. Our evaluation examined whether and to what extent grantees were implementing the Office of Community Planning and Development's (CPD) internal audit requirement. We observed two areas in which CPD could help to strengthen how grantees implement the requirement. We made two recommendations to address our observations.

We have included comments on our report from CPD in appendix B. CPD acknowledged the two recommendations and provided proposed actions to satisfy these recommendations. We look forward to receiving additional information on CPD's plans. Within 90 days, please provide details on your proposed management decision for the recommendations as well as target dates for implementing corrective actions.

Attachment

To:

cc: Janet Golrick, Acting Deputy Secretary, Office of Secretary, S Sheila Greenwood, Chief of Staff, Office of Secretary, S Linda Cruciani, Acting General Counsel, Office of General Counsel, CAG Stanley Gimont, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Grant Programs (Acting), DG Jessie Handforth Kome, Deputy Director, Office of Block Grant Assistance, DGB Tennille Parker, Director, Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division, DGBE Steven K. Washington, Director, Office of Policy Development and Coordination, DOP Henry Hensley, Director, Office of Strategic Planning and Management, X

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Executive Summary

HUD's Internal Audit Requirement for Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of 2013 Grantees

Report Number: 2016-OE-0011S

May 3, 2017

Why We Did This Evaluation

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) Office of Community Planning and Development (CPD) manages more than \$14 billion in disaster recovery funding that Congress appropriated through the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of 2013 (Public Law (PL) 113-2). CPD distributed the funds to 34 grantees as Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery grants.

PL 113-2 required grantees to establish adequate procedures to detect fraud, waste, and abuse of disaster recovery funds. To assist grantees in meeting this statutory requirement, CPD required disaster grantees to establish an internal audit activity.

Internal audits assure that a grantee's internal controls mitigate program risk and ensure that organizational goals and objectives are met.

CPD's Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division requested this evaluation. It determined whether and to what extent PL 113-2 disaster grantees implemented CPD's internal audit requirement.

Results of Evaluation

CPD manages disaster grants and provides monitoring and technical assistance for grantees to ensure that they comply with HUD and Federal requirements. To ensure that grantees perform and deliver on the terms of the disaster grants, CPD requires disaster grantees to establish an internal audit activity. Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organization's operations. It helps an organization accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control, and governance processes. To address our objectives, we interviewed a nonstatistical sample of 12 of the 34 PL 113-2 disaster grantees.

We observed that (1) CPD's guidance for implementing the internal audit requirement was vague and (2) CPD's level of interaction with disaster grantees concerning the internal audit requirement was inconsistent.

Recommendations

We recommend that CPD provide clearer guidance and instruction to PL 113-2 disaster grantees to assist them in establishing an effective internal audit activity. Once finalized, such guidance would benefit future disaster grantees required to establish an internal audit activity. We also recommend that CPD establish a recurring training and discussion forum among the PL 113-2 grantees and CPD that enables grantees to share ideas and receive guidance and information about CPD's expectations regarding the internal audit requirement.

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Background

In late October 2012, Hurricane Sandy devastated portions of the Mid-Atlantic and Northeastern United States. More than 650,000 homes were damaged or destroyed, and hundreds of thousands of businesses were damaged or forced to close, at least temporarily. On January 29, 2013, the President signed the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act of 2013 (Public Law (PL) 113-2). The Act appropriated about \$50 billion in disaster recovery funding to 19 Federal agencies for areas affected by Hurricane Sandy and other disasters.¹ Of this amount, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) received more than \$14 billion, which was allocated to 34 grantees for expenses related to disaster relief, long-term recovery, restoration of housing and infrastructure, and economic revitalization. (See table 1 for a list of PL113-2 disaster grantees and the amount each received.) To receive HUD funding, disaster grantees were required to submit an action plan to HUD detailing the proposed use of all funds, including criteria for eligibility and how the use of these funds would address long-term recovery, restoration of infrastructure, and housing and economic revitalization in the most affected and distressed areas. Once HUD approved the action plans, the grantees could begin distributing HUD-awarded funds for disaster recovery activities and services.

HUD's Office of Community Planning and Development (CPD) manages the disaster grants and provides monitoring and technical assistance for grantees to ensure that they comply with HUD and Federal requirements. To ensure that grantees complied with the terms of the grant, PL 113-2 required disaster grantees to

- have proficient financial controls;
- establish adequate procedures to prevent duplication of benefits;
- ensure the timely expenditure of funds; and
- establish procedures to detect and prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds.

CPD required disaster grantees to establish an internal audit activity to meet the requirements of PL 113-2. On March 5, 2013, CPD issued a Federal Register notice requiring disaster grantees to include in their action plan (1) a description of their internal audit activity and (2) an organizational diagram showing that the responsible audit staff members were independent of the office that administered the disaster recovery grant.²

¹ U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) report, GAO-15-515, Hurricane Sandy: An Investment Strategy Could Help the Federal Government Enhance National Resilience for Future Disasters, July 2015

² Federal Register Notice 14329, Vol. 78, No. 43

Grantee	Grant amount	Grantee	Grant amount	Grantee	Grant amount
* New York State	\$4,416,882,000	Tuscaloosa, AL	\$43,932,000	Missouri	\$11,844,000
* New York City, NY	4,213,876,000	Minot, ND	35,056,000	* St. Tammany Parish, LA	10,914,916
* New Jersey	4,174,429,000	* DuPage County, IL	31,526,000	Illinois	10,400,000
* Colorado	320,346,000	Pennsylvania	29,986,000	Luzerne County, PA	9,763,000
Connecticut	159,279,000	Maryland	28,640,000	Jefferson County, AL	9,142,000
* Joplin, MO	113,276,000	Springfield, MA	21,896,000	Dauphin County, PA	7,632,000
Oklahoma	93,700,000	Rhode Island	19,911,000	* Shelby County, TN	7,464,000
Cook County, IL	83,616,000	Vermont	17,932,000	* Massachusetts	7,210,000
Louisiana	64,379,084	* Birmingham, AL	17,497,000	* North Dakota	6,576,000
Chicago, IL	63,075,000	Jefferson Parish, LA	16,453,000	* Texas	5,061,000
Moore, OK	52,200,000	New Orleans, LA	15,031,000		
Alabama	49,157,000	Tennessee	13,810,000		
*Sho	ws nonstatistical sa	mple of disaster grantees	included in the s	cope of our evaluation	

Table 1 – PL 113-2 disaster grantees

shows nonstatistical sample of disaster grantees included in the scope of our evaluation

Source: Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery program website as of February 16, 2017

Purpose of an Internal Audit

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organization's operations. The internal audit activity provides assurance that established internal controls are adequate to mitigate risks, governance processes are effective and efficient, and organizational goals and objectives are met.³ Generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS) highlight the importance of independence in both mind and appearance so that third parties can view auditors' opinions, findings, conclusions, judgements, and recommendations about a program as impartial.⁴ In addition, the internal audit process serves as a valuable tool to senior management and executives by offering an unbiased perspective about potential strengths and weaknesses in a program.⁵ Throughout this report, when we refer to the term "traditional internal audit activity," we are referring to internal audit activities that incorporate traditional auditing principles. These principles include independence, objectivity, competence, and the use of risk assessments as stated in GAGAS and the Institute of Internal Auditors' (IIA) professional auditing standards.⁶

³ The Institute of Internal Auditors' website

⁴ The U.S. Government Accountability Office issues GAGAS. These standards provide a framework for conducting high quality audits with competence, integrity, objectivity, and independence. GAGAS is used by auditors of government entities and entities that receive government awards.

⁵ The Institute of Internal Auditors' website

⁶ IIA is a professional association, the mission of which is to provide leadership for the profession of internal auditing. IIA provides internal auditing standards and other professional practice guidance.

Findings

CPD's Guidance for Implementing the Internal Audit Requirement Was Vague

Federal Register Notice 14329 was the only guidance CPD issued related to its internal audit for PL 113-2 disaster grantees. This notice stated that grantees should include in their action plan (1) a description of their internal audit activity and (2) an organizational chart showing that responsible audit staff members were independent from the disaster office administering the grant. However, the notice did not provide a rationale for the requirement to establish an internal audit activity, especially when other layers of oversight existed, such as CPD and grantee monitoring reviews, single audits,⁷ and Office of Inspector General (OIG) audits and investigations. In addition, the notice did not provide a clear expectation of what the internal audit activity should resemble or the types of issues it should address. For example, the notice did not (1) provide examples of the types of activities or processes that internal auditors should review or (2) reference the type of professional auditing standards auditors should use, such as GAGAS or IIA.

This lack of guidance led to inconsistent implementation approaches. Based on our review of action plans and grantee interviews and documentation, we found the following:

- Only 1 of the 12 grantees was fully compliant with CPD's internal audit requirement by including in its action plan a description of its internal audit activity and an organizational chart showing independence from the disaster grant office. Additionally, only 4 of the remaining 11 grantees were partially compliant with the notice by providing a description of the internal audit activity in their respective action plans (table 2, columns 1 and 2).
- Eight of the twelve grantees sampled had established a traditional internal audit process for their disaster grant programs (table 2, column 3). These grantees were generally proactive in performing oversight of their disaster grants by creating annual audit plans based on prior monitoring results. These grantees also generally incorporated GAGAS or IIA professional auditing standards, such as independence and the use of risk-based methods, to provide oversight of their disaster grant.
- The four grantees that had not established a traditional internal audit activity took a more reactive approach and usually performed oversight of their disaster grant only as issues arose. Two of these grantees had nontraditional views of what constituted an internal audit activity. For example, their internal audit activity also performed the day-to-day grant administrative functions, such as allocating funds to contractors for completed disaster grant activities, which they considered to be part of their internal audit oversight

⁷ Entities that receive Federal funds, including States and local governments, are subject to audit requirements commonly referred to as "single audits" under the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996. The Single Audit Act was enacted to standardize the requirements for auditing Federal programs. The Act provides that grantees are subject to one audit of all of their Federal programs versus separate audits of each Federal program, hence the term "single audit."

responsibilities. Such practices could impair the audit activity's independence and objectivity.

	Internal audit activity described in action plan	Organizational chart showing independence	Established traditional internal audit activity	Completed internal audit of the disaster grant
Grantee 1			Χ	
Grantee 2	X	X	X	X
Grantee 3				
Grantee 4			Х	
Grantee 5	X		X	X
Grantee 6			Х	
Grantee 7				
Grantee 8	Χ		X	X
Grantee 9	Χ		X	
Grantee 10				
Grantee 11	X		X	X
Grantee 12				

Table 2 – PL 113-2 grantees' implementation of HUD's internal audit requirement

As seen in column 4 of table 2 above, since the enactment of the internal audit requirement 4 years ago, only 4 of the 12 grantees had completed an internal audit of their disaster grant program. Two of these grantees were allocated nearly \$4 billion each yet had completed only one internal audit of their disaster grants in the last 4 years, both of which were completed in 2016. Grantees required to perform internal audits frequently do not fulfill CPD's original intent, in which grantees execute audits of their disaster grant programs to mitigate fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement of grant funds. However, because CPD's current internal audit guidance does not require grantees to conduct internal audits of their respective disaster grants, CPD cannot hold grantees responsible for failing to complete internal audits.

We concluded that CPD's lack of guidance concerning the implementation of the internal audit requirement has contributed to inconsistences among grantees in their internal audit design and implementation. In addition, this shortcoming has delayed grantees' performance of internal audits for their respective disaster programs. Clearer guidance from CPD would help grantees properly establish an internal audit activity. Additionally, working with current grantees to establish internal audit guidance and standards will assist CPD when it receives other disaster recovery appropriations.

CPD's Level of Interaction With Disaster Grantees Concerning the Internal Audit Requirement Varied

Monitoring and technical assistance visits are CPD's main vehicles to ensure that grants are administered in accordance with Federal and HUD requirements.⁸ According to CPD, the agency is required to monitor and provide technical assistance to grantees at least once annually. These visits provide CPD an opportunity to address potential weaknesses in the grantees' management of their disaster grant.

Based on monitoring reports and technical assistance records CPD submitted for fiscal years 2015 and 2016, 9 of the 12 grantees received a monitoring or technical assistance visit in fiscal year 2015, and 8 of the 12 grantees received the same type of oversight in fiscal year 2016. One grantee did not receive either type of oversight during both years. Our finding suggests that CPD is not meeting its own requirements to offer annual monitoring and technical assistance.

The monitoring reports typically included only general statements in the scope section regarding review of the internal audit activity or referred to the single audit. The technical assistance documentation did not directly mention grantee internal audit activities. Therefore, we were unable to determine the degree of CPD review and the value CPD provided to grantees regarding their internal audit activity during these visits.

During interviews with grantees' internal audit officials, we found that grantee responses varied with regard to their interaction with CPD about the internal audit requirement. Five internal audit officials stated that they did not interact with CPD about the internal audit requirement. The seven other officials stated that they received guidance on the requirement either when Federal Register Notice 14329 was published or sometime later during a CPD monitoring visit. Typically, those who spoke with CPD about internal audit activities were officials from large State or city governments, most of which received a large HUD grant allocation. On the other hand, those who did not speak with CPD about the internal audit requirements were generally government officials from smaller States and cities. Many of the smaller localities had not established robust internal audit activities. One of these stated that it was unaware of CPD's internal audit requirements and had never conducted an audit of its PL 113-2 disaster grant. CPD's lack of attention to smaller localities is concerning because those localities generally have fewer resources, such as financial, information technology, and personnel, to draw from than larger States and cities. For example, the town of Joplin, MO, which was devastated by tornados in 2011, has a much smaller government structure to lead rebuilding efforts when compared to the State of New York.9

The lack of interaction with CPD staff has delayed grantees' establishment of internal audit activities. For example, one of the internal audit officials stated that his office did not establish an internal audit activity until early 2016. CPD officials noted that they offered training to

⁸ HUD's technical assistance is designed to provide resources, tools, and support for recipients of HUD funding. This assistance includes training and indepth program assistance and capacity building to improve the design and delivery of programs and services funded by HUD.

⁹ At more than \$113 million in grant dollars received, Joplin, MO, had the sixth highest grant total of the 34 grantees.

grantees, which addressed internal audit requirements and professional auditing standards that should be used when establishing an internal audit. However, this training was offered only once in March 2013, shortly after HUD allocated funds to grantees. Since this training was offered only once, CPD did not account for grantees' inability to maintain internal audit awareness over time, especially as staff turnover occurred throughout the life cycle of the grant. Based on CPD's varied interactions with grantees, we are concerned that some grantees may not be fully executing the internal audit process as CPD intended.

Conclusion and Recommendations

Our review of CPD's internal audit requirements for PL 113-2 grantees revealed that grantees' understanding of and CPD's communication about these requirements were lacking. Specifically, grantees were at a disadvantage because the current requirement does not include audit standards, such as those that GAGAS or IIA prescribe, which grantees could have used to establish and implement their respective internal audit activities. In addition, we are concerned that CPD's limited interaction with smaller grantees has made it more difficult for these

Grantee Disaster Program Offices' Perception About Internal Audit

We issued a questionnaire to each of the 12 grantees' disaster program offices. The results from this questionnaire allowed us to assess the program offices' attitudes toward the internal audit requirement for their disaster grants.

A majority of disaster program offices were satisfied with the level of interaction they received from their internal audit offices as well as the value added to their disaster program offices through internal audit. However, a few grantees saw less value in their internal audit processes because of a lack of disaster management knowledge by their internal audit staff or because internal audit efforts duplicated other forms of oversight performed for their grants.

grantees to establish satisfactory internal audit processes. As a result, we believe that grantees may not be fulfilling CPD's intended purpose to detect fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement of HUD disaster grant funds.

Therefore, we recommend that CPD

- 1. Provide clearer guidance and instruction to PL 113-2 disaster grantees to assist them in establishing an effective internal audit activity.
- 2. Establish a recurring training and discussion forum among the PL 113-2 grantees and CPD that enables grantees to share ideas and receive guidance and information about CPD's expectations regarding the internal audit requirement.

Appendixes

Appendix A – Scope and Methodology

We conducted our evaluation because of a request from CPD's Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division (DRSI). DRSI was specifically interested in gaining a "big-picture" view of the internal audit requirement for PL 113-2 disaster grantees.

Our objectives were to

(1) Assess CPD's guidance for CPD's internal audit requirement and(2) Determine CPD's level of interaction with disaster grantees concerning internal audit requirements.

To address our objectives, we selected a nonstatistical sample that included 12 of the 34 PL 113-2 disaster grantees. Our sample was based on the dollar amount allocated to disaster grantees. Specifically, we chose to examine eight grantees allocated the highest and lowest grant amounts, regardless of the grantee's location. In addition, we chose to sample four more grantees from smaller municipalities. In total, we assessed six States, three cities, two counties, and one parish. These included Colorado; Massachusetts; New Jersey; New York State; North Dakota; Texas; Birmingham, AL; Joplin, MO; New York City, NY; DuPage County, IL; Shelby County, TN; and St. Tammany Parish, LA. As part of our review of these 12 grantees, we interviewed senior internal audit staff members, issued a questionnaire to disaster office staff, and reviewed documentation related to grantee internal audit activities, including CPD monitoring and technical assistance reports from fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

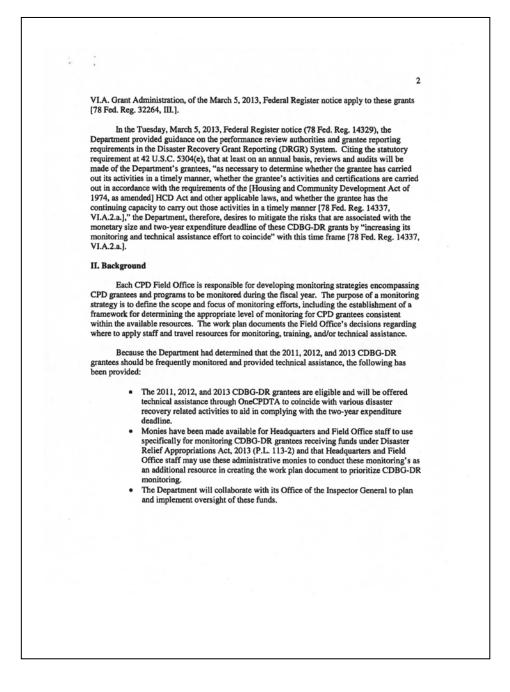
We completed this evaluation under the authority of the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, and in accordance with the Quality Standards for Inspection and Evaluation issued by the Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency (January 2012).

Appendix B – Agency Comments and OIG Response

Reference to OIG Response	Office of Community Planning and Development Comments
	• 0

	Office of Community Planning and Development
Reference to OIG	Comments
Response	
	2
Comment 2	OIG Observation # 2: CPD's level of interaction with disaster grantees concerning the internal audit requirement varied.
	internal audit requirement varied. The OIG evaluation indicated that monitoring and technical assistance visits are CPD's main vehicles to ensure that grants are administered in accordance with HUD and other federal requirements. The report also indicates that, "according to CPD, the agency is required to monitor and provide technical assistance to grantees at least once annually. These visits provide CPD on optortunity to address potential weaknesses in the grantees' management of their disaster grant." The OIG noted, however, that CPD is not meeting its own requirements for offering annual monitoring and technical assistance. The report also indicated that the monitoring reports typically included only general statements in the scope section regarding review of the internal audit activity or referred the separate, federal single audit requirement. Documentation of CPD technical assistance provided to grantees also did not directly mention grantee internal audit activity. Therefore, the OIG was unable to conclude the degree of CPD's review and the value of assistance. The OIG recommends that CPD establish a recurring training and discussion forum among the P.L. 113-2 grantees and that CPD enable grantees to share ideas, receive guidance and augits P. 2013, to CPD field offices that administer CDBG-DR grants under Public Law 113-2. Specifically, CPD required that that all grantees under the appropriation be monitoring, the internal audit function may not always be part of a monitoring review. To ensure that amonitoring review would include the internal audit function, CPD modified the monitoring reviews would receive a finding. CPD expects that monitoring avail. The grantees has not completed an internal audit action described in its Action Plan, the grantee is in noncompliance with the requirement and will receive a finding. CPD expects that monitoring reviews subsequent to such a Finding would include internal audit functions. Nevertheless, CPD will allow provide additional guidance a

US. DE	PARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
	WASHINGTON, DC 20410-7000
OFFICE OF COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	AUG 1 \$ 2013:
MEMORANDUM FOR:	All Community Planning and Development Directors and Office of Block Grant Assistance (DGB)
FROM:	Yolanda Chavez, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Grant Programs,
THROUGH:	Rener Ryles, Director, Office of Field Management, DOF
SUBJECT:	Risk Analysis and Monitoring for 2011, 2012, and 2013, Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) Grants for FY 2013 through 2018
	[Excludes Hurricane Sandy Grantees]
I. Purpose	
Programs in FY 2012 and 2 Community Development 1 1, Community Planning an exhibits for CDBG-DR gra Planning and Development based information system v and results of a CPD grante will be recorded on the Dis order to supplement Handb instructions and exhibits, fo by the Office of Block Gran	
should be frequently monit Title IX of the Disaster Rel contains a timely expenditu funds to the grantee (funds grantee's CDBG-DR grant prevention of waste, fraud, grants, the Wednesday, Ma the Department "will instit well as collaborate with the	s determined that all 2011, 2012, and 2013 CDBG-DR grantees ored and provided technical assistance, since section 904(c) under lief Appropriations Act, 2013 (P.L. 113-2, approved January 29, 2013) are requirement of two-years from the date the Department obligates are obligated to a grantee upon the Department's signing of the agreement). Regarding the timely expenditure of funds and abuse, and duplication of benefits requirements associated with these y 29, 2013, Federal Register notice (78 Fed. Reg. 32262), states that ute risk analysis and on-site monitoring of grantee management as E HUD Office of Inspector General to plan and implement oversight of b2264, III.]." Furthermore, the requirements described in section
	Attachment A

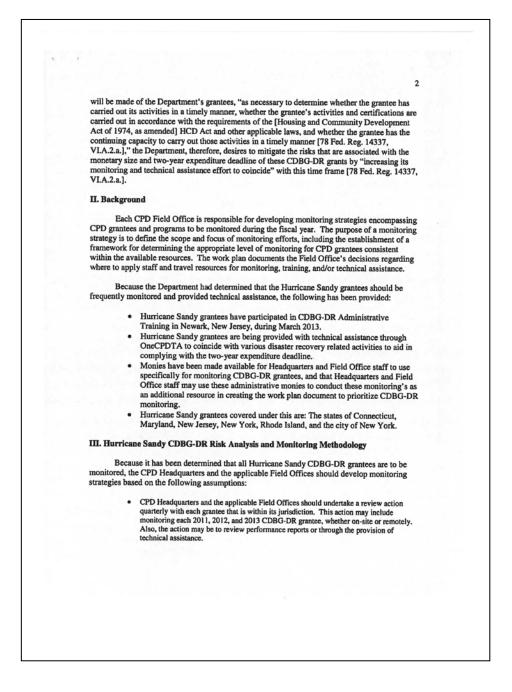


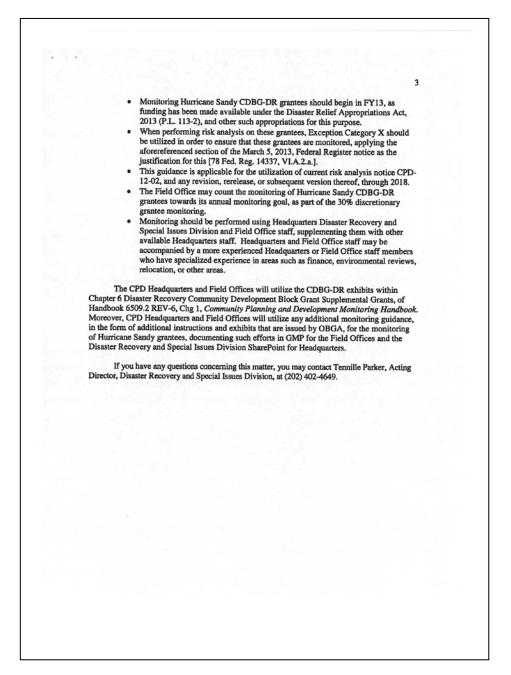
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III. Hurricane Sandy CDBG-DR Risk Analysis and Monitoring Methodology	
Because it has been determined that all 2011, 2012, and 2013 CDBG-DR grantees are to be monitored, the CPD Headquarters and the applicable Field Offices should develop monitoring strategies based on the following assumptions:	
 CPD Headquarters and the applicable Field Offices should undertake a review action quarterly with each grantee that is within its jurisdiction. This action may include monitoring each 2011, 2012, and 2013 CDBG-DR grantee, whether on-site or remotely. Also, the action may be to review performance reports or through the provision of technical assistance. Monitoring 2011, 2012, and 2013 CDBG-DR grantees should begin in FY13, as funding has been made available under the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013 (P.L. 113-2), and a submitted of the second s	
 and other such appropriations for this purpose. When performing risk analysis on these grantees, Exception Category X should be utilized in order to ensure that these grantees are monitored, applying the aforereferenced sections of the May 29, 2013 and March 5, 2013, Federal Register notices as the justification for this [78 Fed. Reg. 32264, III. And 78 Fed. Reg. 14337, VI.A.2.a.]. This guidance is applicable for the utilization of current risk analysis notice CPD-12-02, and any revision, rerelease, or subsequent version thereof, through 2018. The Field Office may count the monitoring for 2011, 2012, and 2013 CDBG-DR grantees towards its annual monitoring goal, as part of the 30% discretionary grantee monitoring. 	
 Monitoring should be performed using Headquarters Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division and Field Office staff, supplementing them with other available Headquarters staff. Headquarters and Field Office staff may be accompanied by a more experienced Headquarters or Field Office staff members who have specialized experience in areas such as finance, environmental reviews, relocation, or other areas. 	
The CPD Headquarters and Field Offices will utilize the CDBG-DR exhibits within Chapter 6 Disaster Recovery Community Development Block Grant Supplemental Grants, of Handbook 6509.2 REV-6, Chg 1, Community Planning and Development Monitoring Handbook. Moreover, CPD Headquarters and Field Offices will utilize any additional monitoring guidance, in the form of additional instructions and exhibits that are issued by OBGA, for the monitoring of Hurricane Sandy grantees, documenting such efforts in GMP for the Field Offices and the Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division SharePoint for Headquarters.	
If you have any questions concerning this matter, you may contact Tennille Parker, Acting Director, Disaster Recovery and Special Issues Division, at (202) 402-4649.	

Appendix B – Agency Comments and OIG Response (continued)

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	US. DE	PARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20419-7000	
	THE BEAD OF COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	AUG 1 \$ 2013.	
	MEMORANDUM FOR:	Community Planning and Development Directors in the Field Offices of Baltimore (3BD); Boston (1AD); Hartford (1ED); Newark (2FD); New York City (2AD); and Office of Block Grant Assistance (DCB)	
	FROM:	Yolanda Chavez, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Grant Programs,	
	THROUGH:	Rence Ryles, Director, Office of Field Management, DOF	
	SUBJECT:	Risk Analysis and Monitoring for Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) Grantees for FY 2013 through 2018	
	I. Purpose		
	Community Development H 1, Community Planning and exhibits for CDBG-DR grau Planning and Development based information system w and results of a CPD grante will be recorded on the Dis: order to supplement Handb	2013, in Attachment A-8. Furthermore, Chapter 6 Disaster Recovery Block Grant Supplemental Grants, of Handbook 6509.2 REV-6, Chg d Development Monitoring Handbook, provides the monitoring ints. The monitoring exhibits have been incorporated in Community 's (CPD) Grants Management Process (GMP) system, a computer- which is utilized to provide a documented record of the conclusions e monitoring visit. For CPD Headquarters, these monitoring visits aster Recovery and Special Issues Division's SharePoint site. In ook 6509.2 REV-6, Chg 1, additional guidance, in the form of or the monitoring of Hurricane Sandy grantees, may be provided by Assistance (OBGA).	
	frequently monitored and p the Disaster Relief Appropriate of the transformation of transfor	a determined that all Hurricane Sandy CDBG-DR grantees should be rovided technical assistance, since section 904(c) under Title IX of riations Act, 2013 (P.L. 113-2, approved January 29, 2013) contains a nent of two-years from the date the Department obligates funds to the 1 to a grantee upon the Department's signing of the grantee's CDBG- te Tuesday, March 5, 2013, Federal Register notice (78 Fed. Reg. wided guidance on the performance review authorities and grantee ne Disaster Recovery Grant Reporting (DRGR) System. Citing the U.S.C. 5304(e), that at least on an annual basis, reviews and audits	





F		Disaster Reco		it 6-1 G Suppleme	ntal Gra	6509.2 REV-6 CHG-2 ints
- E	Guide	e for Review of Overa	- all Manag	ement of CI	DBG Di	saster Recovery Grants
	Name of Gra	antee:		Appropria	tion(s):	
t	Staff Consul	Ited:				
	Name(s) of Reviewer(s)				Date	
	(stan spec: appr defic citati appl; requ not parti resul "con entit and " Instructions recovery (CI Thresholds; awarded to E of monitorin supplement I state grantee	ute, regulation, Federal a colling document (i.e., g ific citation. This is opriation, causing the jeiencies are identified ions are appropriately r y to certain grantees; irement is not met, HUI address requirements, cipant's program more f It in deficient perform cern" being raised, but lement and state grantee 24 CFR 570.495 for state 25 This Exhibit should DBG-DR) grant. It is of and Capacity and Perfe- Entitlement communiti g CDBG-DR grants as Exhibit 4-6. Per the F/	Register no grant agree because grant agree grant agree grant agree docted. In a carefully r D must ma but are i iully and/o ance. Neg not a "fin s under Ph e grantees) be used to divided in ormance. es, this Ex- warded to ederal Reg r and alte	btice, or grant ment or Fede rules can vie ements and p nstances, HU ddition, a stat eview the cit ke a finding c ncluded to a r to identify is ative conclus ding" (24 CF iblic Law 113 or monitor ove to three sectify For purposes thiblt should states and stat gister Notice:	agreeme rral Regi ary sigr published D shoul tute or <i>I</i> tation to of nonco sissist the ssues that ions to or S70.9 -2 (parage rrall mar ons: Ovis s of mor supplem the grant	a for the source of the requirement int). However, in some instances, a ster notice) is provided without a ificantly from appropriation to a Notices to vary accordingly. If Id ensure that program violation <i>Federal Register</i> Notice may only o determine its applicability. If a mpliance. All other questions may e reviewer in understanding the at, if not properly addressed, could these questions may result in a 00(b)(5) and 24 CFR 570.901 for graph 26 of March 5, 2013 Notice) hagement of a CDBG disaster erall Management; Financial hitoring CDBG-DR grants nent Exhibit 3-17. For purposes recipients, this Exhibit should by the Department, CDBG-DR hat allows them to carry out
	 by a state w The state guideli A submotion to the state s	re directly administere the develops the progra nes/rules; ecipient applies directly state for funding to ake activities.	im •	n: The state u to award fr The state g governmen programs; The state r	unds to gives fle nt to des and releases	y administered by a state whethod of distribution (MOD) local governments; xibility to units of local sign and implement their own the funds, but local esponsible for environmental
	funds directl obtain copies	y and distribute anothe	er portion ederal Reg	through a M ister Notice(OD. To s). See	minister a portion of CDBG-DR o monitor any CDBG-DR grant, Attachment 6-1, "Document re applicable. Attachme
				-1		12/2015

Questions:			
<u>Questions:</u>			
A. OVERALL MANAGEMENT			
1.			
List below the grants being monitored and the corresponding grant amounts. CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amou	nt (\$)		
[Insert grant number]			
[Insert grant number]			
[Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]			
Total			
2.			
Has the grantee documented through its Action Plan and amendments how its programs are related to disaster relief, long-term recovery, restoration of			
infrastructure and housing, and economic revitalization?	Yes	No	N/A
[Applicable appropriation law and <i>Federal Register</i> notice(s). Note that the			
language of each appropriation law may or may not include economic revitalization as an adequate 'connection to a disaster.']			
Describe Basis for Conclusion:			
3.			
Has the grantee developed policies and procedures specific to CDBG-DR			
(e.g., program design, management of program income)?	Yes	No	N/A
Describe Basis for Conclusion:			
4.			
Is the grantee maintaining its public website in accordance with the statutory requirement to "maintain comprehensive Web sites regarding all disaster			
recovery activities assisted with these funds," and does the Website include details of all contracts and ongoing procurement policies?	Yes	No	N/A
[Federal Register Notice published March 5, 2013 (78 FR 14329); only			
applicable to grants under Public Law 113-2] Describe Basis for Conclusion:			
Describe Basis for Conclusion:			
10/0015			
12/2015 6-2			

	Exhibit 6-1 6509. Disaster Recovery CDBG Supplemental Grants	2 RE	V-6 (CHG-2
5.	Has the grantee notified the Department if it has updated its policies and procedures (e.g., financial controls, duplication of benefit procedures) referenced by its Certification Checklist and Revised Exhibit 3-18? NOTE: Grantees are not expressly required to notify HUD of updates to their policies and procedures; however, HUD may review these new policies and procedures to determine whether the grantee has carried out its CDBG-DR activities and certifications in accordance with requirements of the March 5, 2013, Notice, or to determine whether the grantee has continuing capacity to carry out its activities in a timely manner. [Notice published March 5, 2013; only applicable to grants under Public Law 113-2] Describe Basis for Conclusion:	Yes	No	N/A
	Describe Basis for Conclusion:			
6.	If the waiver of the requirement for consistency with the grantee's consolidated plan (requirements at 42 U.S.C. 12706, 24 CFR 91.325(a)(5), 91.225(a)(5), 91.325(b)(3), and 91.225(b)(3)) has expired, does the grantee's consolidated plan include its disaster recovery needs? Describe Basis for Conclusion:	U Yes	No	N/A
7.				
	In regard to <i>timeliness</i> :			
	a. Has the grantee established a timeline for expending all grant funds?	U Yes	No	
	b. Does the grantee have adequate procedures to ensure programs and activities meet established end dates?	U Yes	No	
	c. Is the grantee current in submitting quarterly reports in the Disaster Recovery Grant Reporting (DRGR) system?	Yes	No	
	 [Applicable Federal Register notice(s)] d. As additional funds are allocated, or program goals change, is the grantee updating its expenditure and performance projections? [Applicable Federal Register notice(s); only applicable to grants under Public Laws 111-12 and 113-2] 	Yes	No	
	Describe Basis for Conclusion:	L		
	6-3		1	2/2015

8.	In regard to monitoring:			
	a. Do the grantee's policies and procedures address monitoring?		_	
	a. Do the grantee's poncies and procedures address monitoring?		\Box	
		Yes	No	N/A
	b. Is the grantee monitoring recipients, subrecipients and contractors in			
	accordance with its policies and procedures?	Yes	No	N/A
	c. Have the grantee's CDBG-DR funds been monitored by internal audit			
	staff? An answer of "no" establishes a finding only if the grantee is not in	Yes	No	N/A
	compliance with its Action Plan. If yes, for the funds audited, provide the	105	110	
	following (attach additional pages as necessary): NOTE: The DRGR system has a module that collects this information.			
	Date(s) of	L		
	Internal Action(s) taken by Grantee in resp	ponse	e to Ir	ternal
	CDBG-DR Grant(s) Audit Audit			
	[Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]			
	[Insert grant number]			
	[Insert grant number]			
	Inser gran number Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS			
<u>B. 1</u> 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this	Yes	No	□ N/A
<u>B. 1</u> 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement.	Yes	No	□ N/A
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$)	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u> 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. (Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) (Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u> 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LJ [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for Li [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1
<u>B.</u>] 9.	Describe Basis for Conclusion: FINANCIAL THRESHOLDS Is the grantee projected to meet the 50% (or applicable) overall benefit requirement (at least 50% of funds to benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons)? NOTE: Some grantees have received an alternative requirement. If an alternative requirement applies to the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the applicable requirement. [Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] 50% Requirement Currently CDBG-DR Grant(s) Amount (\$) Amount for LI [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	Pro	jected	1

 Exhibit 6-1 6509.2 REV-6 CHG-2 Disaster Recovery CDBG Supplemental Grants
10. Is the grantee in compliance with the 5% (or applicable) cap on
administrative costs? NOTE: Some grantees may be subject to a different applicable cap on administrative costs. If this is the case for the reviewed grantee, please note this below, and indicate the allowable cap.
[Applicable appropriation law and Federal Register notice(s)] Describe Basis for Conclusion:
11
Does the amount expended for administration activities appear reasonable in comparison to the amount expended for the grant overall considering the cap on administrative expenditures?
5% Administrative Amount Expended Total
CDBG-DR Grant(s) Cap (\$) for Administration (\$) Expenditures (\$) [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]
[Insert grant number] Describe Basis for Conclusion:
12
Is the grantee in compliance with the 20% cap on overall planning and administration (i.e., no more than 5% may be spent on administration, allowing up to 15% to be spent on planning)? [Applicable appropriation law and <i>Federal Register</i> notice(s)]
Describe Basis for Conclusion:
13.
Is the grantee in compliance with the 15% public services cap? [42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(8), and, as applicable, 24 CFR 570.201] Yes No N/A
Describe Basis for Conclusion:
6-5 12/2015

. 6	5509.2 REV-6 CHG-2 Exhibit 6-1 Disaster Recovery CDBG Supplemental Grants
1	Is the grantee projected to meet the funding amount it identified as eligible for the Disaster Recovery Enhancement Fund (DREF)? If not, has the VSEED STATES NO. 1/2010
	grantee completed all of the activities that qualified it to receive a DREF allocation? [<i>Federal Register</i> notice published August 14, 2009 (74 FR 41146); only applicable to some grants under Public Law 110-329]
	Originally Identified Currently Identified CDBG-DR Grant(s) As DREF-Eligible (\$) As DREF-Eligible (\$)
	[Insert grant number] Describe Basis for Conclusion:
1	15.
	Has the grantee met, or is the grantee projected to meet its affordable rental housing requirement? [Federal Register notices published October 30, 2006 (71 FR 63337) and August 14, 2009 (74 FR 41146); only applicable to grants under Public
	Laws 109-234 and 110-329] Minimum Required for Currently Obligated Amt. GDDC DB Current() for effordable parts (f)
	CDBG-DR Grant(s) for affordable rental (\$) for affordable rental (\$) [Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]
	[Insert grant number] [Insert grant number] Describe Basis for Conclusion:
	 Has the grantee met, or is the grantee projected to meet, its set-aside for impacted public housing authorities? Has the grantee addressed the public housing needs identified in its Action Plan? [Federal Register notice published March 5, 2013(78 FR 14334); only
	applicable to some grants under Public Law 113-2] Public Housing Authority Expenditures for Public Housing Set-Aside (\$) to date (\$) [Amount set-aside]
	Describe Basis for Conclusion:
	12/2015 6-6
	122013

· .		Disaster Recover	Exhibit 6-1 ry CDBG Supplemen		.2 RE	V-6 C	CHG-2	
	17. Is the s	grantee projected to meet th	e expenditure require	ment associated with	1			
	its HU	D-identified most impacted c Law 113-2, Public Law 11	and distressed count	ies?		No	N/A	
		impacted and	Required E	xpenditures	Expe	nditu	res in	
		ssed Counties (MIC)	in MI				ate (\$)	
		MICs]						
	Descri	ibe Basis for Conclusion:						
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			2		
	18.	grantee projected to meet an	w avnanditura daodli	na(a) [a a twanty		_		
	four m	onths for funds under Publi	c Law 113-2]?		Yes	No		
		c Law 113-2 and applicable diture Deadline(s)	Federal Register not Amount (\$)	ices] Deadline			itures	
	Expen	diture Deadrine(s)	Amount (\$)	(mm/dd/yy)		date		
		Grant Agreement (Round # ded Grant Agreement (Round						
		ded Grant Agreement (Rour					· ·	
		ded Grant Agreement (Rour						
		ded Grant Agreement (Rour ibe Basis for Conclusion:	nd #5)				-	
	Descri	ide Basis for Conclusion:						
	19.	grantee has received an exp	anditura deadline wai	ver for one or more		_		
		ies, are those activities proje						
	deadlin	ne(s)? c Law 113-2 and applicable	E-davel Desistant	i)	Yes	No	N/A	
		ibe Basis for Conclusion:	reaerai Kegister no	lices]	I			
		CITY AND PERFORMANC	<u>CE</u>					
	20. Has th	e grantee provided a curren	t organizational char	or other document				
		ying CDBG-DR roles and r		, or other document	Yes			
	Descri	ibe Basis for Conclusion:			Tes	NO	N/A	
	Descri	the basis for Conclusion.						
			6-7				2/2015	
			0-7			1	2/2013	

6509.2 REV-6 CHG-2 Exhibit 6-1 Disaster Recovery CDBG Supplemental Grants	
21.	
Has the grantee lost critical staff (e.g., program manager, environmental compliance officer) in the last fiscal year?	
Describe Basis for Conclusion:	
22]
Is the grantee taking action to resolve any open findings or recommendations from an HUD monitoring or Office of Inspector General (OC) which	
(OIG) audit? Tes No N/A Describe Basis for Conclusion:	
23.]
Did the grantee receive any complaints in the current fiscal year? If "yes," please identify the nature of complaints below.]
yes No N/A	
Nature of Complaint Approximate Number]
Complaints Against the Grantee (e.g., topic, program, activity) of Complaints [Insert grant number]	-
[Insert grant number]	
[Insert grant number]	
[Insert grant number] 24.	
Did any of the grantee's subrecipients or recipients receive complaints? If	1
"yes," please identify the nature and number of complaints below. Yes No N/A	
Complaints Against an Entity Nature of Complaint Approximate No. of other than the Grantee Complaints	
other than the Grantee Complaints [Insert grant number]	1
[Insert grant number]	
[Insert grant number] [Insert grant number]	
25.	
If the grantee, a subrecipient, or recipient received a complaint, did they	1
respond in a timely manner?	×
Describe Basis for Conclusion:	
12/2015 6-8	

OIG's Response to Management's Comments

- Comment 1 CPD acknowledged that this evaluation confirmed previous concerns that not all grantees have fully implemented an internal audit activity and that some grantees did not understand the internal audit function as a requirement distinct from the OMB A-133 single audit requirement. CPD further stated that our findings would contribute to CPD's future guidance or training on implementing the internal audit requirement. We are satisfied with management's response, and these actions, once implemented, should address our recommendation. We look forward to reviewing CPD's additional guidance or training on implementing the internal audit requirement. Within 90 days, CPD should provide us its proposed internal audit guidance for grantees or an internal audit training plan that highlights the method of delivery, curriculum, and target dates for grantee training. Resolved- Open
- Comment 2 CPD stated that, although it had a mechanism to identify grantees that had not implemented an internal audit function, it would provide additional guidance or training to HUD staff regarding the internal audit requirement and expectations for monitoring reviews. We are satisfied with management's response, and these actions, once implemented, should address our recommendation. We look forward to reviewing CPD's additional guidance or training for HUD staff on the internal audit requirement and expectations for monitoring reviews. Within 90 days, CPD should provide us its proposed guidance for HUD staff or a training plan that highlights the method of delivery, curriculum, and target dates for training HUD staff. Resolved- Open



The Office of Inspector General is an independent and objective oversight agency within the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. We conduct and supervise audits, evaluations, and investigations relating to HUD's programs and operations. Our mission is to promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in these programs, while preventing and detecting fraud, abuse, and mismanagement.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE OF EVALUATION Program Evaluations Division

Report number: 2016-OE-0011S